

Green Building Standards With a Rehabilitation Emphasis

Community Revitalization Fund (CRV) Neighborhood Stabilization Fund (NSP)

June 8, 2010



Single Family Green Building Standards For Rehabilitation Training

Tuesday, June 8, 2010 10:00 AM to Noon CDT

-Welcome-

The presentation will begin at 10:05 AM CDT to allow for registrants to log into the system. When you join the presentation, you will hear background music. Please stay on the line.

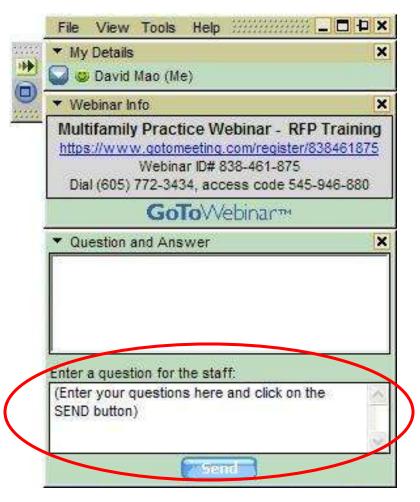
To join the conference call:

Dial: 1-877.241.4296 - Access Code: 17128941#

 If you are having difficulty joining, please e-mail: stacy.bray@state.mn.us



Questions During Presentation



- We will batch online questions and answer them throughout the webinar
- A complete Q & A list will be posted to the Minnesota Housing website when training is completed
- All presentation materials from Minnesota Housing are posted on our website at

www.mnhousing.gov



Next Speaker



- Please hold as we transition to the next speaker
- Devon Pohlman
 - Minnesota HousingSingle FamilyPrograms



Today's Speakers

- Minnesota Housing
 - » Devon Pohlman
 - » Carol Dixon
- Minnesota Department of Health
 - » Andrew Gilbert
- Greater Minnesota Housing Fund
 - » John Harrington





End long-term homelessness.
Finance new affordable housing opportunities.
Increase emerging market homeownership.
Preserve affordable housing.

Training Agenda

- Background
- Policy Overview
 - » Minnesota Housing's Sustainability Policy
 - CRV green requirements
 - NSP green requirements
- Process Overview
- The Criteria in Detail
- Tools & Resources

Sustainability Policy Minnesota Housing

- Adopted February, 2007
- Encourage sustainable, healthy housing
 - Optimize use of cost effective, durable materials & systems
 - Minimize consumption of natural resources during construction/rehab & maintenance and operation



Sustainability Policy Minnesota Housing

- Encourage use of renewable energy & resources
 - » Minimize damages and impact to the environment
 - » Maximize use of natural amenities of the development site



Selecting a Green Standard

- Choosing a system that matches Minnesota climate
- Selecting a system that reflects the diversity of scale & locations of Minnesota Housing projects
- Flexible for both new construction and rehabilitation
- Variety of green building programs
 - » LEED
 - » Energy Star
 - » Minnesota GreenStar (MN-specific)
 - » Enterprise Green Communities

Opportunity & Match



- Enterprise Green Communities
 - **National Green Communities** Criteria
 - » Developed through Enterprise **Community Partners**
 - » Specific to the affordable housing sector
 - **Basis for Minnesota Green Communities partnership**

www.greencommunitiesonline.org

Minnesota Green Communities

- **Collaboration of Greater Minnesota Housing Fund,** Family Housing Fund, & Enterprise
- Consults with Minnesota Housing in development of the Minnesota Overlay



Hosts trainings and conferences, & provides technical assistance

www.mngreencommunities.org

National Green Communities

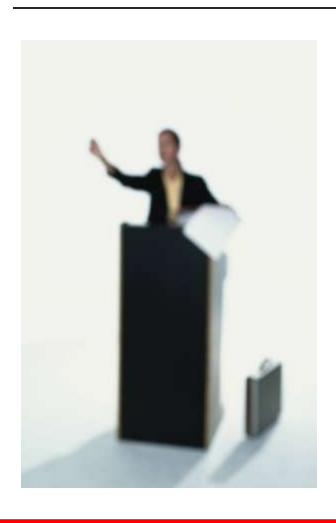
- For new construction & rehabilitation
- For Single Family & Multifamily
- Has mandatory and optional requirements
- Minnesota Housing adopted <u>ONLY</u> the mandatory criteria
- Updated & reviewed by MN Green Communities & **Minnesota Housing**

Minnesota Housing and **Green Communities**

- Applies to the following programs & activities:
 - » CRV New Construction & **Acquisition / Rehab / Resale**
 - Rehabilitation Loan Program
 - **Numerous Multifamily** programs
 - **NSP** (policy is modified under this program)



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- Carol Dixon
 - Minnesota HousingCommunityDevelopment

NSP Housing Improvement

Standards



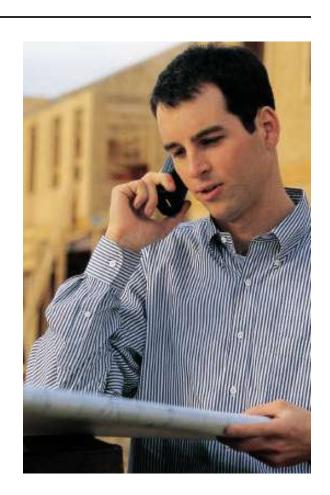
- Federal requirements for lead and asbestos abatement
- When different codes or standards govern the same condition, use highest or most restrictive
- HUD Healthy Homes incorporate seven steps as guidance for standards followed

NSP Housing ImprovementStandards

- NSP New Construction complies with 2009-2010 Minnesota Overlay including selecting Energy Star qualified products
- Multifamily should consider Minnesota Housing Multifamily Design Standards
- NSP rehabilitation standards modify Minnesota Green Overlay

NSP - Housing Improvement New Construction Standards

- Housing built in accordance with State Building, Electrical, and Plumbing Codes
- Minnesota Housing Green Overlay for NSP
 - » Application of relevant 2009-2010 Green Communities Criteria with the Minnesota Overlay to any new construction housing development financed with NSP funds for an eligible NSP activity
 - » Multifamily housing should consider Minnesota Housing Multifamily Design Standards



NSP - Housing Improvement

New Construction Standards



Demolition Activities

- » Federal requirements for lead and asbestos abatement during demolition
- » Consider deconstruction practices when crews available and market exists
- » Stabilize soil on site if lead present and property not redeveloped within three months of demolition

NSP Rehabilitation Standards Modifications/exceptions to MN Overlay

- Initial property assessment of structure for mold or water infiltration and major component life expectancy
- Rehabilitation standards apply to systems "touched" during rehabilitation
- Mandatory criteria in Sections 1-8 are optional unless improvements "touched" by rehabilitation
 - "Touched" when system or component is altered or replaced during rehabilitation

Optional Green Criteria Additional guidance for NSP rehabilitation

- Further modifications/exceptions
- These standards <u>do not</u> apply for rehab:
 - » 3-1 Environmental Remediation
 - » 7-10b Basements and concrete slabs, Radon
 - » 8-1, 8-2, 8-3 Building maintenance and occupant's manual, orientation
- Section 5-1b (efficient energy use, rehabilitation)
 - Use 5-1a and use current Energy Star Builder's Option Package (BOP) for any equipment/component replaced – no field verification or testing required

NSP - Housing Improvement Rehabilitation Standards

- Minnesota Housing Green Community Overlay is modified for NSP rehabilitation activities
 - » Property in compliance with local housing standards
 - » If local housing standards do not exist, the housing must meet the minimum housing quality standards (HQS) of 24 CFR 982.401.
 - Mitigate Mold or water infiltration if observed in assessment
 - Installation of smoke detectors, carbon monoxide detection equipment, and GFCI receptacle
 - Application of relevant 2009-2010 Green Communities Criteria with the Minnesota Overlay to any building component that is modified or altered during a financed activity; including selecting Energy Star qualified products

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Green Communities

Areas of Focus

- **Integrated design plan**
- **Location and neighborhood** fabric
- 3. Site improvements
- **Water conservation**
- **Energy efficiency**
- **Materials beneficial to the** environment
- **Healthy living environment**
- **Operations & Maintenance**



Minnesota Overlay

- Minnesota Housing-specific
- Supplements national criteria
- Modifies six of the eight broad categories
- Provides greater flexibility
- Many criteria only need addressing if the rehabilitation "touches" the item in question per the scope of work

Additional Program-Specific Requirements

- State building code and local ordinances
 - **Community Revitalization Fund**
 - **Housing Quality Standards**
 - NSP
 - Follow Federal requirements for lead, asbestos and NSP Housing Standards
 - **Green Communities Overlay as modified**

Q & A

• We will take time here to answer a few questions





Process Overview



- Intended Methods form
- Waiver policy and process
- Project close-out and evaluation

Intended Methods Form

- Functions as a green development planning tool
- Used to document intent to comply on front end & to document compliance after rehab
- For CRV, sign Section 9 upfront & Section 11 at completion of construction
- For NSP, complete intended methods form for each property following CRV before and after **NSP** activity

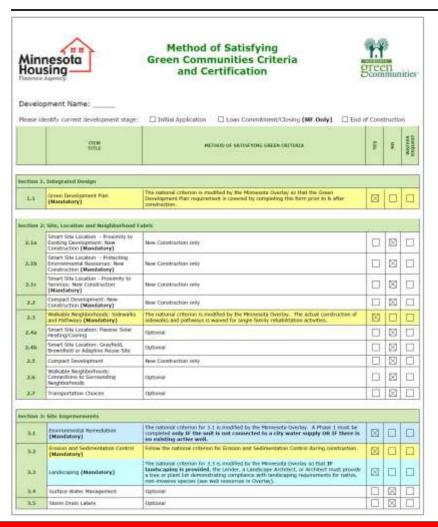


Intended Methods Form **Submission to Minnesota Housing**

- One form required
 - » For CRV--submit at RFP application
 - » For NSP execute and retain in property-specific files relating to new construction or rehabilitation



Intended MethodsReference Sheet



- Quick reference for SF Rehab items
- Always mandatory items in yellow
- Items mandatory if touched in blue
- Available on the web

Intended MethodsResponse Examples

- Acceptable: Will comply with 4.1a by specifying and installing 1.3 gpm toilet in both bathrooms & 2.0 gpm kitchen aerator. Other water fixtures not being replaced per Scope of Work.
- Unacceptable: Will comply with green criteria.

- Acceptable: Not applicable. All water fixtures are in sound working order & do not need replacement.
- Unacceptable: N/A

Intended Methods Form

- Funding availability and disbursement
 - » CRV disbursement available after receipt of approved form
- File maintenance
 - » CRV retain updated form in file
 - » NSP retain initial and updated forms in property file

Waiver Policy

- Waivers should be exception, not rule
 - If product is unavailable, costs are excessive, or compliance is infeasible, a review of alternative means to achieve intended outcomes is possible
 - Waiver requests due to costs require a cost-benefit analysis by the developer / administrator
 - Activity should be undertaken if payback is 10 years or less



Waiver Process

- Include waiver request in the Intended Methods form
 - » In CRV at RFP application
 - » In NSP during work-scope development or bidding, submit to NSP mailbox at: I need to get this from Ruth.
- If unforeseen, submit Green Waiver Request Form
 - » www.mnhousing.gov/idc/groups/homes/documents/ webcontent/mhfa_009083.pdf

Project Close-Out & Evaluation



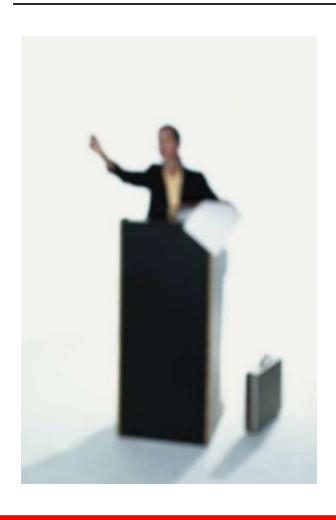
- Actual scope of work completed as indicated on the Intended Methods form
- Certification of compliance (Sect. 11)
 - » Signed by Lender/Developer and **Contractor**
- Required
 - » CRV at unit close-out
 - NSP-at property close-out, retained by **Subrecipient**

Project Close-Out & Evaluation



- Evaluation framework under development
- Effectiveness of green policy
 - **Energy efficiency**
 - **Healthy homes**
- Key evaluative data points may be required at the project-level
- Target implementation date
 - **Summer 2010**

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1.1 Green Development Plan

- Always mandatory
- Requires gathering of development team, meetings, minutes, site plans, etc.
- Not considered practical for SF projects

Overlay

- Satisfied by Intended Method of Satisfying Green Communities Criteria Form/Worksheet
 - » Reusable template from project to project
 - » Provides checklist to verify compliance

2.3 Walkable Neighborhoods

- Always mandatory
- No site map mandated if project does not encompass subdivision

Overlay

 Construction of sidewalks /pathways waived for SF rehab

Note: Repair of walkways/ sidewalks an eligible activity if in substandard condition



3.1 Environmental Remediation

 Conduct a Phase 1 to determine whether hazardous materials are onsite; not required for NSP

Overlay

Phase 1 ONLY required if:

- Unit is not connected to either a city water supply or an existing active well
- If digging a new well Phase 1 is required

3.2 Erosion & Sedimentation Control

- Implement EPA's Best Management Practices for Erosion & Sedimentation Control
- No Overlay
- Will only apply in rehab when there is significant work involving backfilling, grading, or other disturbances of soil

http://www.epa.gov/npdes/pubs/chap03_conguide.pdf

3.3 Landscaping



- Mandatory <u>if</u> providing landscaping
- Commit to providing a tree/plant list certified by the landscape architect or architect
- New trees plants at least 50% native, 100% site & soil appropriate, & 100% noninvasive

3.3 Landscaping

Overlay

- Architect or landscape architect certification not required
- Create in accordance with resources such as:

www.extension.umn.edu/distribution/naturalresources/ DD0486.html

<u>files.dnr.state.mn.us/assistance/backyard/gardens/native_plant/nativelandscaping.pdf</u>

4.1b Water-Conserving **Appliances & Fixtures**



- Mandatory if enacted upon
- Specify fixtures <u>at or below</u> the gallons per minute (gpm) stated in the criteria

Overlay

 If fixtures are leaky, defective, or scheduled for replacement, specify lowflow fixtures

4.2 Efficient Irrigation

- Mandatory <u>if</u> irrigation is necessary
- Must be designed by EPA Water Sense certified or qualified landscape professional

Overlay

 Must be designed by professional as above or qualified sprinkler contractor



Q & A

 We will take time here to answer a few questions.



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5.1b Efficient Energy Use

- Always mandatory under CRV; not required for NSP
- Identify architect/engineer/energy auditor
- Prepare energy efficiency improvements report with recommendations to achieve 15% reduction in energy performance

<u>Overlay</u>

 Create/implement energy efficiency improvement plan in accordance with technical guidelines of the Minnesota Weatherization Field Guide (Chap. 2.1.1)

http://www.state.mn.us/mn/externalDocs/Commerce/070704030802_Minnesota%20WFG.pdf

5.1b Efficient Energy Use (cont.)



- Requires compliant energy audit including info collection, dwelling evaluation, & dwelling strategy
- Initial blower door test
- Implement list of cost effective improvements (Savings to Investment Ratio)
- Post-inspection and blower door test performed
- If replacing heating, cooling, ventilation or hot water, install Energy Star rated mechanical systems

5.1b Efficient Energy Use (cont.)

- To find an auditor:
 - » CAP agencies
 - » Local utilities
 - » Trained auditors: www.dunwoody.edu/custom/ energyaudit.html#jobs
 - » HERS raters: www.mbpa.us



5.1b Efficient Energy Use (cont.)

- Calculating the cost benefit analysis:
 - » Software Savings to Investment Ratio (SIR)
 - National: Weatherization Assistant (software), utilizes the National Energy Audit Tool (NEAT), and Manufactured Home Energy Audit (MHEA)
 - Minnesota Weatherization software will be available to non-CAP agencies
 - **▶** Survey questions
 - » Manual

5.2 Energy Star Appliances



 Mandatory <u>if</u> providing appliances

5.3a Efficient Lighting Interior



- Mandatory <u>if</u> light fixtures are in need or repair, are unsafe or inefficient, or otherwise scheduled for replacement
- Install the Energy Star Advanced Lighting Package (intended for new construction)
- Install CFLs if reusing existing fixtures
- If installing new, use Energy Starlabeled

5.3b Efficient Lighting Exterior

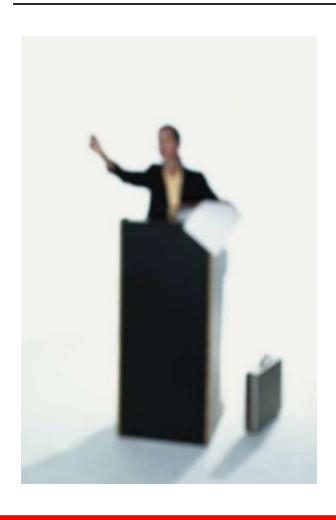
- Mandatory <u>if</u> exterior light fixtures are added or replaced
- Fixture must feature daylight sensors or timers
- Applies to all outdoor lighting attached to the home, including front and rear porch lights
- Recommended upgrade even if light fixtures not schedule for replacement

5.4 Electricity Meter

- Mandatory <u>if</u> an electricity meter is to be installed or replaced
- Must be individual or submetered electric meters



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7.1 Low/No VOC Paints & Primers



- Mandatory if paints or primers are to be used
- Specify that all paints and primers comply with current Green Seal standards for VOCs
- Green Seal website has a 'find a product' feature

http://www.greenseal.org/certification/standards/gs11paintscoatings.cfm

7.2 Low/No VOC Adhesives and Sealants

- Mandatory <u>if</u> using adhesives or sealants
- Specify they comply with South Coast Air Quality Management District Rule 1168 (see pages 10-12 of PDF document below)

Overlay

 Waived if use of such adhesive or sealant will invalidate the warranty of an associated product

http://www.aqmd.gov/rules/reg/reg11/r1168.pdf

7.3 Urea Formaldehyde-Free Composite Wood

- Particleboard & medium-density fiberboard must be compliant with The American National Standard for Particleboard, ANSI A208.1
- Limit of .30 parts per million (ppm) for industrial particleboard, .20 ppm in particleboard flooring, & .30 ppm for MDF
- Easiest compliance is to specify urea formaldehyde-free
- If using composite wood that is not ANSI-compliant, all exposed edges & sides must be sealed with low-VOC sealants

http://www.fpl.fs.fed.us/documnts/fplgtr/fplgtr53.pdf

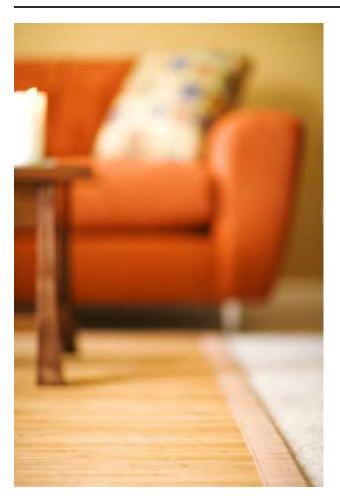
http://www.pbmdf.com/index.asp?bid=1142

7.4 Green Label Certified Floor Coverings



- Use non-carpet alternatives below grade, in entries, laundry rooms, bathrooms, kitchens, and utility rooms (use smooth & resilient flooring that tolerates moisture)
- Consider non-carpet alternatives throughout the home

7.4 Green Label Certified **Floor Coverings**



 If carpeting, use low VOC carpet, padding, & adhesives certified by Carpet & Rug **Institute's Green Label Program (all major** manufacturers—Shaw, Mohawk, etc. make carpet meeting this criteria)

http://www.carpet-rug.org/commercialcustomers/green-building-and-theenvironment/green-label-plus/ (see product search feature at right)

7.5a Exhaust Fans—Bathroom

- If installing or replacing an exhaust fan, specify that it is Energy Star-labeled
- Continuous operation, or connected to a light switch <u>and</u> featuring a humidistat or timer

Overlay

 Can just be connected in on/off fashion to light switch, though continuous, humidistat or timer are preferred

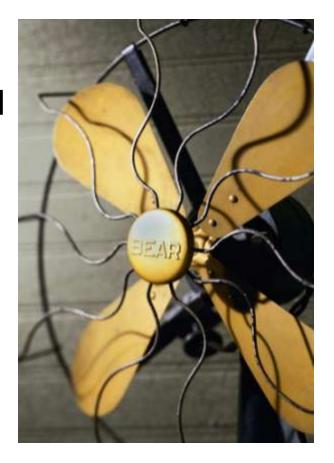
http://www.energystar.gov/index.cfm?c=vent_fans.pr_vent_fans

7.5b Exhaust Fans—Kitchen

- If installing or replacing a kitchen exhaust fan, specify power vented fan or range hood
- Consider Energy Star-qualified fans, timers, or humidistat

Overlay

 Kitchen fan may be non-ducted only if it is infeasible to install duct and there is a continuous operation bathroom fan



http://www.energystar.gov/index.cfm?c=vent_fans.pr_vent_fans

7.6a Ventilation

 If installation of a ventilation system is needed, comply with ASHRAE 62.2

Overlay

- If ventilation system in compliance with MN Energy Code 1322, criteria is met
- Bottom line: consider interaction between energy efficiency improvements & exhaust & ventilation. If making adjustments to ventilation system, work must be code compliant and verified by inspector as such
- http://www.dli.mn.gov/ccld/pdf/sbc_1322.pdf

7.7 HVAC Sizing

- If installing new heating or cooling equipment, specify the contractor "right size" it in accordance with ACCA Manual Parts J (load calculation) & S (equipment selection)
- Or, use ASHRAE handbooks or equivalent software

http://www.energy.ca.gov/efficiency/qualityhomes/procedures.html

7.8 Water Heaters **Mold Prevention**



- If water heater needs to be replaced, specify tankless hot water heaters
- If not tankless, install conventional heater in room with non-water sensitive floor and drain or catch pan piped to exterior
- Drain pans should be corrosion resistant and sloped, and condensate lines should be drained to drainage system not deposited under slab

7.9a Materials in Wet Areas Surfaces



7.9b Materials in Wet Areas **Tub & Shower**



- Fiberglass enclosure or similar
- Use backing materials such as cement board, fiber cement board, or equivalent

Q & A

 We will take time here to answer a few questions.



Next Speaker



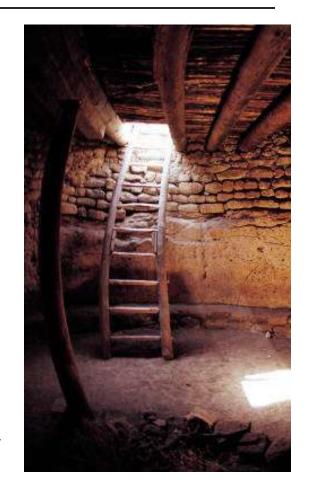
- Please hold as we transition to the next speaker
- Devon Pohlman
 - Minnesota HousingSingle FamilyPrograms



7.10b Basements/Concrete Slab Radon

- Covers 7.10a (vapor barrier)
- **Radon testing required under CRV**; not required for NSP
- If radon higher than 4 pCi/l, must install active mitigation features and conduct a post-test
- Find service provider & more information on Minnesota **Department of Health website:**

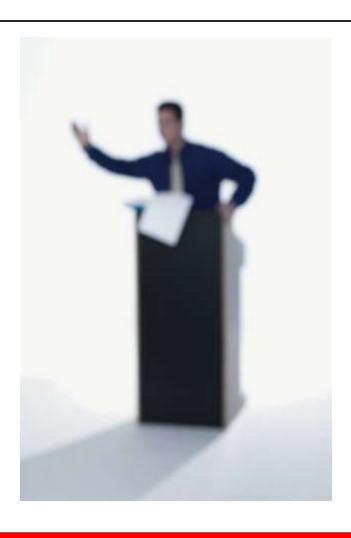
http://www.health.state.mn.us/divs/eh/indoorair/ radon/index.html



7.10b Basements/Concrete Slab Radon

- Radon Mitigation Funds Available
 - » Up to \$500 for the cost of materials for units that test above 4.0 piC/L
 - » MDH test kits required for pre-testing (2) and posttesting (1)
 - » Reservation and disbursement request form www.mnhousing.gov/idc/groups/homes/document s/webcontent/mhfa_009281.pdf
 - » Funds available for first 20 homes
 - » Free MDH test kits available

Next Speaker



- Please hold as we transition to the next speaker
- Andrew Gilbert
 - » Indoor Air Unit, Minnesota Department of Health
 - » 651.201.4604 or

andrew.gilbert@state.mn.us

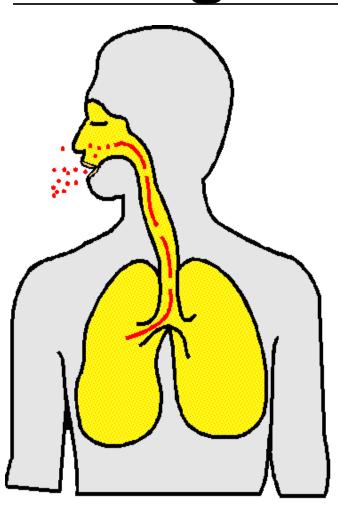
Radon: Health Risks and What You Can Do

Andrew Gilbert

Indoor Air Unit, Environmental Health Division

Minnesota Department of Health

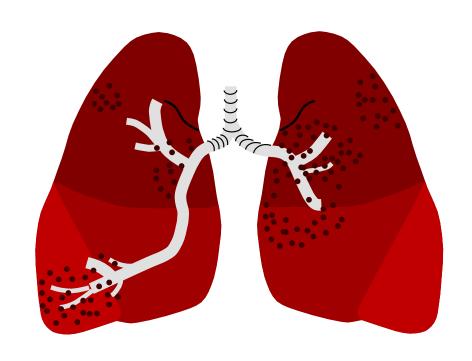
Radon is a Lung Cancer **Causing Gas**



- Radon decays into radioactive alpha particles
- These particles are inhaled and deposited in the lungs
- Irradiate lungs
- Causing physical and chemical damage to DNA, increasing the potential for cancer

Health Effects Of Radon

- Second leading cause of lung cancer in the **United States**
 - » Estimated to cause **21,000** deaths annually*
 - » Second only to smoking
- Leading cause of lung cancer for nonsmokers



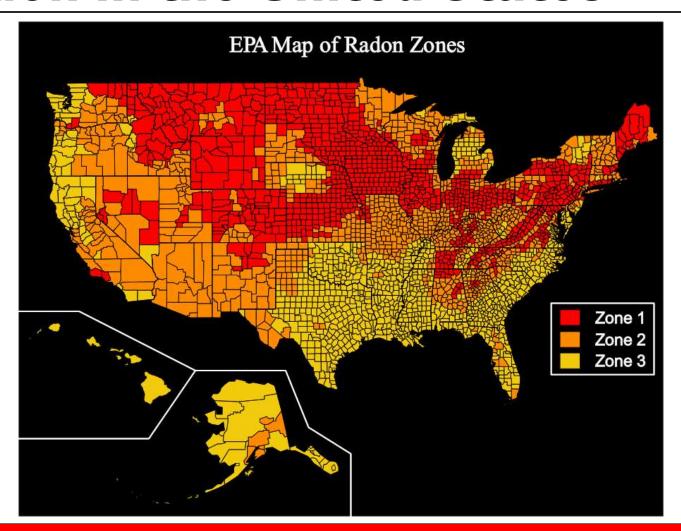
Lung Cancer in Minnesota

- Lung and bronchus cancer is the second most commonly diagnosed cancer in Minnesota
- Leading cause of cancer death
- Each year, 2,700 cases diagnosed in MN and 2,230 deaths occur
- About 90 percent of cases are diagnosed between 50 and 85 years of age
- * Cancer in Minnesota, 1988-2002, Minnesota Department of Health, MN Cancer Surveillance System

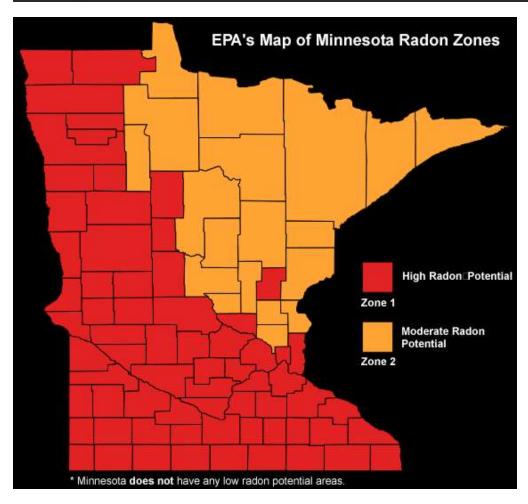
What Level of Radon is **Considered Safe?**

- There is no known safe level of radon
- EPA recommends that all homes with radon levels of 4 pCi/L or more be mitigated
 - Not a health based standard
 - **Based on mitigation technology**

Radon in the United States



Many Minnesota homes have high levels of radon



How Are Radon Levels Measured?

- picoCuries/liter of air (pCi/L)
 - » A pCi/L is equal to 2.22 radioactive disintegrations per minute per liter of air
- EPA's Action Level is 4.0 pCi/L
 - » There is no safe level of radon

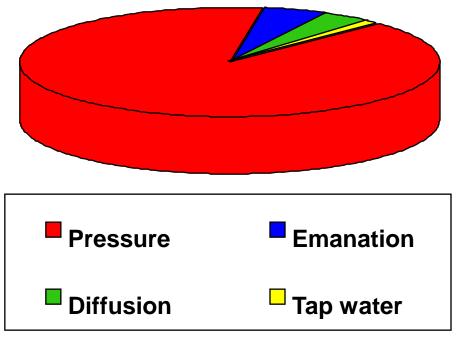
Chances Of Developing Cancer Due To Radon Depend On:

The levels of radon in the home

- The amount of time spent in the home
- Whether or not a person is, or ever was a smoker

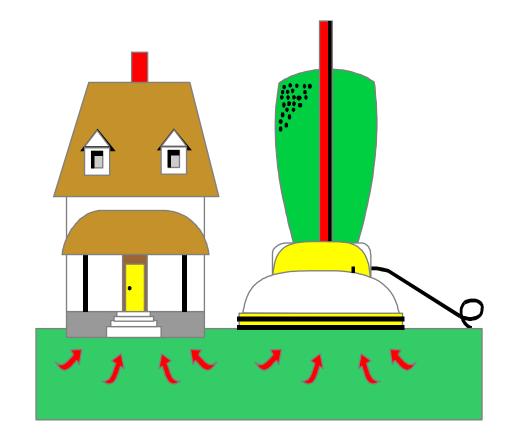
Contributions To Indoor Radon Levels

- Pressure driven soil gas
 - » 85-90%
- Emanation from building materials
 - » 2-5%
- Diffusion from soil
 - » **1-4**%
- Tap water
 - » <1%



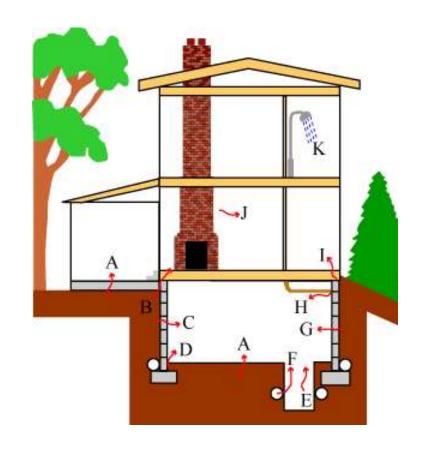
The Predominant Driving Force is Building Induced Soil Suction

- Buildings create vacuums that draw in soil gas.
- These vacuums may be very small and are referred to as air pressure differentials.



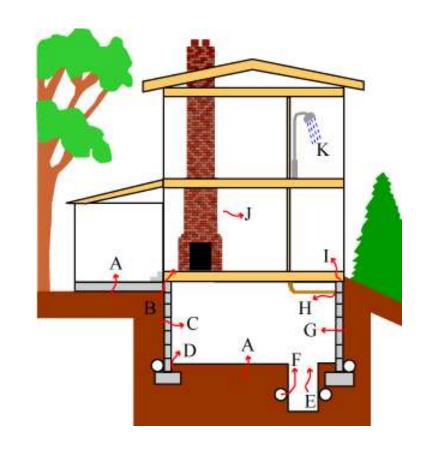
How Does Radon Get Into Your Home?

- Cracks in concrete slabs
- **Spaces behind brick veneer** walls that rest on uncapped hollow-block **foundations**
- Pores and cracks in concrete blocks
- Floor-wall joints (cold joints)
- **Exposed soil, as in a sump** or crawl space



How Does Radon Get Into Your Home?

- Weeping (drain) tile, if drained to an open sump
- **Mortar joints**
- **Loose fitting pipe** penetrations
- **Open tops of block walls**
- **Building materials, such as** brick, concrete, rock
- **Well water (not commonly** a major source in Minnesota homes)



Testing For Radon

- Every home should be tested
- It's easy
 - » Takes no special skills
 - Only takes a couple of minutes of your time
- It's inexpensive
 - » Most radon detector kits cost under \$20
 - Contact local city or county health departments for discounted test kits
 - Or order from www.mn.radon.com

Where Should A Test Be Conducted?

- On the lowest "lived-in level"
- NOT in kitchens or bathrooms
 - » high humidity
- Away from drafts and high heat
 - » appliances
 - » fireplaces
 - » direct sunlight
- At least 3 feet (90 cm) from windows and doors
- At least 1 foot (30 cm) from exterior walls
- At least 20 inches (50 cm) off the floor

What To Do If You Test And Get A High Result

- Retest to confirm the results
 - » in the same location as the first test (or with simultaneous testing)
- Mitigate the home if the retest confirms high levels of radon (above 4 pCi/L)
- Contact a National Environmental Health Association (NEHA) or National Radon Safety Board (NRSB) listed Radon Contractor (Mitigation Professional)
- MDH has a list of Minnesota Radon Mitigation Service Providers

http://www.health.state.mn.us/divs/eh/indoorair/radon/mitigation.html

Major Entry Points and Fixes



Un-Sealed Sump Basket



Foundation Cold Joint

How Do You Mitigate? (Depressurization)

- Ventilate
 - » Sub-Slab Depressurization
 - **Drain Tile Depressurization**
 - » Sump Pit Depressurization
 - Contact a NEHA or NRSB certified radon contractor

Sub-slab Depressurization

- Pipes are inserted through the basement floor
- The pipe is run through the roof



Drain Tile Depressurization

 A PVC pipe is hooked up to an existing drain tile under the foundation of the home.



Sump Pit Depressurization

 A PVC pipe is installed into the sump basket



Fan (active Vs. passive)

The fan draws soil gases into the pipe and vents them to the outdoor air





Post-mitigation Procedures

- After you mitigate, test the home to determine if the mitigation is working (24 hours to 30 days after mitigation)
- Homeowners should retest home once every 2 years or so
- If you do any remodeling, or change how the house operates, you should retest after the alteration of the building

Radon Information

Local Health Department - Contacts:

http://www.health.state.mn.us/radon

- American Lung Association www.alamn.org
- Air Chek Radon Labs

www.mn.radon.com or 800-247-2435

Contacts For More Information

- Andrew Gilbert
- MDH Indoor Air Unit www.health.state.mn.us

PO Box 64975

St. Paul, MN 55164-0975

Andrew.Gilbert@state.mn.us

651-201-4604

- U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
 - http://www.epa.gov/radon/

Next Speaker



- Please hold as we transition to the next speaker
- Devon Pohlman
 - MinnesotaHousing SingleFamily Programs

7.11 Water Drainage



- If water drainage mitigation is needed:
 - » Drain to the lowest level of concrete away from windows, walls and foundation using techniques identified in the National Green Communities Criteria

7.12 Garage Isolation

- Must comply with 2006 legislative CO requirements
- If rehabilitation requires pulling a permit this requirement is triggered, and CO detector must be placed within 10 feet of all rooms used as sleeping quarters
- Can be hardwired, plugged into electrical outlet, or battery operated & installed on a wall

7.13 Clothes Dryer Exhaust

- If working with a dryer vent, specify rigid type & exhaust to outdoors
- If non-rigid exhaust vent in place, it is still recommended for replacement



7.14 Integrated Pest Management

- Seal accessible wall, floor, & joint penetrations
- Use low-VOC caulk
- Install rodent & corrosion-free screens for any large openings



7.15 Lead-Safe Work Practices



- Lead safe work practices
 - » CRV: comply with Agency lead policy
 - modified 24 CFR part 35 to exclude abatement (highest treatment level is interim controls)
 - » NSP follow 24 CFR part 35

7.18 Combustion Equipment

- Specify power vented or combustion sealed equipment
- Ensure CO detection is in compliance with MN 2006 legislative requirements



8.2 Occupant's Manual

- Required for CRV; not required for NSP
- Satisfies criterion 8.1
- Explains green features of the home
- Encourages energy and resource efficient behavior by inhabitants
- Resources coming soon!

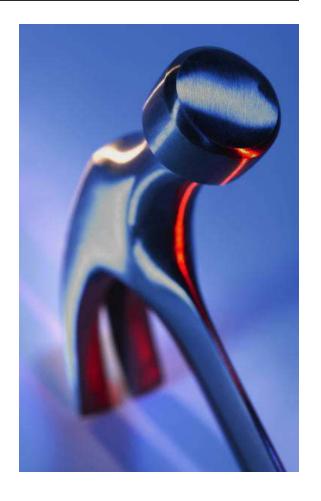
8.3 Homeowner and Resident Orientation



- Required for CRV; not required for NSP
- Provide a homeowner orientation to review:
 - » Green features
 - » Operations and maintenance

Tools & Resources

- Review National Green **Communities Criteria and the** MN Overlay
- Review reference materials
- Update specs with mandatory green requirements and additional green elements
- Complete Intended Methods form



Tools & References

- MN Green Communities
 - » www.mngreencommunities.org
- Center for Sustainable Building Research
 - » www.csbr.umn.edu
- Green specs (specific to MN Green Communities)
 - » www.mngreencommunities.org/publications/download/Sp ecifications-for-Housing-Rehabilitation.doc
- Enterprise Green Communities
 - » www.greencommunitiesonline.org

Q & A

 We will take time here to answer a few questions.



For More Information Contact

CRV

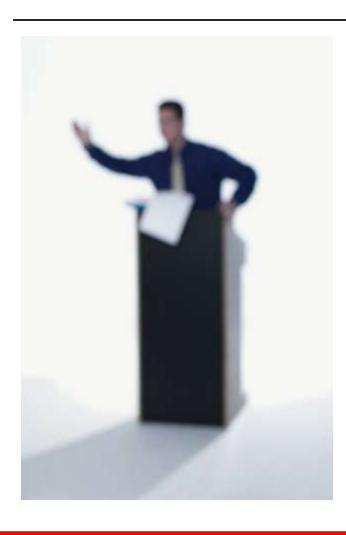
- Terry Hanna
 - » 651.296.9567 or <u>terry.hanna@state.mn.us</u>
- Nancy Slattsveen
 - » 651.296.7994 or <u>nancy.slattsveen@state.mn.us</u>
- Devon Pohlman
 - » 651.296.8255 or devon.pohlman@state.mn.us

NSP

- Carol Dixon
 - » 651.296.0756 or <u>carol.dixon@state.mn.us</u>



Next Speaker



- Please hold as we transition to the next speaker
- John Harrington
 - » Greater MN Housing Fund



Greater Minnesota Housing Fund

Interim Funding Options for Greening Projects



Interim Loans

Predevelopment Loans

To plan and design, package financing, and manage development.

Acquisition Loans

 To purchase land or buildings. Priority given to preservation projects with expiring federal or state subsidies.

Low Income Tax Credit Bridge Loans

Interim financing when permanent financing has already been committed.

Construction Loans

 Construction financing to support the production of affordable starter homes.

Foreclosure Recovery Loans

 Low-interest financing to purchase and rehabilitate foreclosed, vacant and abandoned properties

Eligible Projects

- New construction, acquisition/rehabilitation
- Homeownership (limited to 80% of statewide median income)
- Multifamily rental and permanent supportive housing (limited to 60% of statewide median income)



Eligible Borrowers

- Non-Profit Developers
- For-Profit Developers
- Public Agency Developers



On-line Application

http://www.gmhf.com/lending/forms/interim-loan-app.pdf



Green Predevelopment Technical Assistance Resources

- Enterprise list of approved local Technical Assistance providers.
- Enterprise list of approved local charrette facilitators.
- Limited technical assistance continues to be available from GMHF staff



Green Predevelopment Technical Assistance Resources

- Minnesota Green Communities
 green single family rehab specifications.
 www.mngreencommunities.org/publications/
- Enterprise charrette information <u>www.greencommunitiesonline.org/tools/funding/grants/charrette.asp</u>
- Green Communities Technical Assistance information

www.mngreencommunities.c

Green Predevelopment Financial Resources

- Enterprise \$5,000 grants for green charrettes.
- GMHF Predevelopment Loans can cover charrette costs if no grant.
- GMHF will require charrette if Predevelopment Loan awarded and assistance needed



Next Speaker



- Please hold as we transition to the next speaker
- Devon Pohlman
 - MinnesotaHousing SingleFamily Programs



Thank You!

